WHAT IS THE RELEVANCE BETWEEN NORMAL BREATHING RATE AND TENDENCY TO DO EXERCISE?

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ABSTRACT

The resolution of exploration was that what is the relevance between normal breathing rate and tendency to do exercise. 130 scholars of Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan attached with us to give significant outcomes. The task of alluring fresh air (oxygen) in the thoracic cavity and eliminating air (carbon dioxide) is designated as Breathing. Up taking oxygen is obligatory for aerophilic creatures for cellular respiration. This procedure is carried out for the catabolism of food to generate power. Sum of breaths taken in 60 seconds is labeled as Breathing Rate. Anti-depressing and anti-aging gesticulation due to body motion is named as Exercise. Breathing rate was observed by laying down novice on a bed. Setting stop watch to 60 second, individuals were loosened, and time was on. The elevation and depression in the chest were observed and number of times it occurred in 60 seconds was recorded. A questionnaire was manually manufactured and given to them. It was about the relevance of normal breathing rate with tendency to do exercise. It was summarized that there is no relevance between normal breathing rate and tendency to do exercise.

KEYWORDS: Motion, Breathing Rate

MATERIALS AND METHODS

130 scholars of Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan attached with us to give significant outcomes.

Breathing Rate

Breathing rate was observed by laying down novice on a bed. Setting stop watch to 60 second, individuals were loosened, and time was on. The elevation and depression in the chest were observed and number of times it occurred in 60 seconds was recorded.

Project Design

A questionnaire was manually manufactured and given to them. It was about the relevance of normal breathing rate with tendency to do exercise.

Statistical Analysis

M. software was utilized to interpret the data while considering $p < 0.1$ significant with the application of $t$-test.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Aggregation of our investigation were configured as tables. 0.30 was greater than 0.1 making non-significant
outcomes in table 1. In table 2 upshots were observed non-significant. For table 3 the calculations were giving non-significant results. So, all three tables were presenting non-significant results.

**Table 1: What is the relevance between normal breathing rate and tendency to do exercise?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Half Hour</th>
<th>1 Hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MEAN</td>
<td>20.86</td>
<td>23.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>7.16</td>
<td>7.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>p</em>-Value</td>
<td>0.30ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*ns= non-significant*

**Table 2: What is the relevance between normal breathing rate and tendency to do exercise?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>1 Hour</th>
<th>1 and half Hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MEAN</td>
<td>23.38</td>
<td>25.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>7.88</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>p</em>-Value</td>
<td>0.67ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*ns= non-significant*

**Table 3: What is the relevance between normal breathing rate and tendency to do exercise?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Half Hour</th>
<th>1 and a half Hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MEAN</td>
<td>20.86</td>
<td>25.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>7.16</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>p</em>-Value</td>
<td>0.34ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*ns= non-significant*

These questionnaire-based examinations presented consequential outcome for future research. These will be beneficial for upcoming research phenomenon of nature.

**CONCLUSION**

It was summarized that there is no relevance between normal breathing rate and tendency to do exercise.

**REFERENCES**


